#### ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS 2013 Changing Times





# Contents.

1. CHAIR'S INTRODUCTION 2. ICVA - COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE 3. REVISED CODES OF PRACTICE	PAGE 04 PAGE 05 PAGE 06
4. TACT STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS AND TACT TRAINING MATERIALS	PAGE 07
5. REVISED ICVA INITIAL TRAINING MATERIALS	PAGE 08
6. MENTAL HEALTH TRAINING MODULE	PAGE 08
7. JUVENILE TRAINING MODULE	PAGE 09
8. NATIONAL STANDARDS	PAGE 09
9. WEBSITE	PAGE 10
10. MINISTERIAL BOARD ON DEATHS IN CUSTODY	PAGE 10
11. RESTRAINT PILOT	PAGE 11
12. OPCAT & THE NPM	PAGE 11
13. 2012 - 2013 ACCOUNTS	PAGE 13

#### **CHAIR'S** INTRODUCTION

dramatic changes since the inception of lay and I am pleased that this association visiting in 1983 have taken place this year turning point in our future. Some of the most history of the association and has marked a has been a key part of these processes. This year has been a very eventful year in the



by guarantee on company limited (No.08632556) has 31st July 2013 Association as a

of the Independent The establishment

are juveniles continued. We also re-designed our detainees who have mental health issues or who Our "Care not Custody" campaign for raising needed immediate revision by the Association. first time included guidance on the visiting of revised Codes of Practice, which for the awareness for visitors who speak with vulnerable the initial training materials and training modules after a consultation process. This meant that were issued in April 2013 by the Home Office arrangements for terrorism act detainees process for all involved. The introduction

website and engaged in a UK wide consultation

#### been a challenging **Custody Visiting**

of independent custody visiting there. and take into account the statutory basis incorporate the new police authority in Scotland mean a revision to our working practices to TACT detainees, the longer-term changes will and the production of a new training video for immediate changes also included, new materials and visitors alike within England and Wales. Whilst Crime Commissioners, scheme administrators and long term, which impacted on Police and These are only some of the changes both immediate

reputation both nationally and internationally. efforts, independent custody visiting has a growing available to you at a local level and that through its you that the Association strives to make support I hope that this annual report demonstrates to

past few years. Special thanks go to my Vice-Chairs the Association. the Executive Committee and especially to Anna showed on the committee and their work over the present in the commitment and dedication they therefore thank all representatives both past and partnerships that continue to be forged. I must change, I welcome the challenges ahead and the As your Chair of the Association at this time of Jarratt and Ian Smith who work tirelessly for Lorna Muffett and Sarah Bryant, all members of

and Wales. We will also continue our work with funding and membership. shown to the association through their continued these challenges and the commitment everyone has Policing Board and our other members. I welcome the Scottish Police Authority, the Northern Ireland Commissioners and the association in England between the Home Office, Police and Crime visiting is the start of a new era of partnership The new Codes of Practice for independent custody

exercise to produce new national standards.

#### independent custody visiting. members to secure the future of built on and to working with all our the achievements of this year can be I look forward to the year ahead where

### Kevan Downer

CHAIR

### GUARANTEE LIMITED BY ICVA - COMPANY

ways of operating were introduced. and changes to the constitution and the then police authority regional areas including regional representation from to the governance of the association, change the status of ICVA into a company APA, there were a number of governance the Home Office and supported by the then Following a review of ICVA commissioned by limited by guarantee. Changes were made recommendations including a proposal to

> Commissioners at no extra cost. improved, and more services to Police and Crime which in the long term will enable ICVA to provide and allows ICVA to attract other work as a company are to the membership whose liability will be reduced company limited by guarantee. The main benefits of ICVA from an unincorporated organisation to a memorandum of association. This changes the status adviser to ICVA who drew up draft articles and a This work was completed by an independent

ICVA Management Board. become Directors of the Company and sit on the as Scotland and Northern Ireland for nominees to existing regions within England and Wales, as well accepted. ICVA then sought representation from company limited by guarantee were overwhelmingly balloted, and the proposals for ICVA to become a This change to status and membership was

provide ICVA with stability and with an opportunity envisaged that the new arrangements will also as they deliver their statutory obligations. to fully engage with Police and Crime Commissioners priorities and development of the company. It is direction of the company and for looking at strategic These Directors are responsible for setting the



## ICVA ANNUAL REPORT 2013 - PAGE 07

## REVISED CODES

This year saw the commencement of new Codes of Practice from 22nd April 2013. As well as updating the custody visiting process the codes set out additional requirements on schemes when their visitors encounter those detainees held under the Terrorism Act.

> From the first paragraph, the Codes of Practice make it quite clear that the government continues to support independent custody visiting schemes. The statutory responsibility for the scheme is the local Police and Crime Commissioner. The

Codes state:

"This Code of Practice on independent custody visiting is issued in accordance with section 51 of the Police Reform Act 2002, as amended by section 117 of the Coroners and Justice Act 2009 and paragraph 299 of Schedule 16 to the Police Reform and Social Responsibility Act 2011. Local policing bodies and independent custody visitors (ICVs) shall have regard to the Code in carrying out their relevant functions."

The Codes also make it quite clear that there are expectations on PCCs as well as scheme administrators and ICVs. There are 34 musts for PCCs, 15 for ICVs and 15 for the police contained in the paragraphs.

When issuing the Codes, the Home Office also took the opportunity to clarify issues which have previously raised concerns with scheme administrators and ICVs locally.



#### TACT STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS AND TACT TRAINING MATERIALS

The Codes of Practice were referenced to other statutory instruments that impacted on Police and Crime Commissioners, the Police and most importantly also introduced David Anderson QC as the Independent Reviewer of Terrorism Legislation.



#### Section 117 of the Coroners and Justice Act 2009 This Act created a new power to listen to audio/ view video recordings of interviews with suspected terrorist detainees. It also created a new duty

view video recordings of interviews with suspected terrorist detainees. It also created a new duty to submit a report of any visit to a suspected terrorist detainee both to the local Police and Crime Commissioner and Independent Reviewer.

#### Coroners and Justice Act 2009 Section 117(2) Introduced the Independent Reviewer's new power to consider, as part of his annual report under the

to consider, as part of his annual report under the Terrorism Act 2000, whether Schedule 8 and Code H have been complied with in relation to persons detained under section 41 for more than 48 hours.

There are specific references that impact on the custody visiting process and the visitors who carry out the role:

- Access to detainees paragraph 53
- Talking with detainees paragraph 58
- Audio & video paragraphs 66-72
  TACT visit reports paragraphs 70
- TACT visit reports paragraph 79

Police and Crime Commissioners, scheme administrators and ICVs, need to be aware of these paragraphs, which place a responsibility with regard to how and when visits should be conducted and reported.

To assist with the training of visitors who have been selected locally to visit Terrorism Act detainees ICVA produced a new suite of training materials. Student workbooks and visit report stationery were sent to PCCs in CD format, along with a training DVD. The DVD includes three scenarios to train ICVs in dealing with potential issues arising from visits to TACT detainees, including:

- Scenario 1 a 'no comment interview'
- Scenario 2 a visit to a TACT detainee,
- Including an interview
   Scenario 3 issues arising from a TACT
- Scenario 3 issues arising from a TACT detainee visit



## ICVA ANNUAL REPORT 2013 PAGE 09

#### MATERIALS ICVA INITIAL REVISED **FRAINING**

### conference in June. Were distributed at the scheme administrators'

new Student Workbooks and Trainers Guides to the revised Codes of Practice. ICVA has provided has a new voice over. accompany a newly edited training DVD which The materials included all changes arising from



## MENTAL HEALTH

mental health issues - who they may meet in custody may be in the same category. probability that a similar percentage of people have a mental illness, suggesting a strong effectively. 90% of offenders are thought to during visits - and consider ways to respond increase ICVs' awareness of detainees with The training module has been developed to

independent mental health practitioners. It is not designed to prepare ICVs to become



## JUVENILE TRAINING MODULE

STANDARDS NATIONAL

hides their vulnerability and the perception negative behaviour and criminality often The boundaries between young people's to the extent that they often expect to be. Young people are frequently misunderstood objectives were : into revising the national standards. The main ICVA has just completed a consultation process

to include legislative updates

of them as victims can be blurred. The

and learning disabilities. those with mental health problems offend must be addressed, especially needs of children and young people who

- to ensure that the standards reflect the custody visiting process experiences of all involved in the national
- incorporate good practice developed locally.

to represent their scheme by attending a regional national standards focus group. through the website, whilst ICVs were also invited ideas and comments were also submitted to ICVA administrators and independent custody visitors; Initially the consultation focused on scheme

an early age, can lead to a lifetime of declining health

High numbers of children who offend have health,

long term costs to the taxpayer, and to the victims and worsening offending behaviour, with significant education and social care needs, which, if not met at

process, with a view to ensuring the new national wish to hold meeting(s) with all involved in the the Home Office who have indicated that they may The way forward has already been discussed with

£200,00 per year.)

of these crimes.

(Current estimate to keep a juvenile in detention





## ICVA ANNUAL REPORT 2013 - PAGE 11

WEBSITE

## ICYA

a fresh new design and content, including for PCCs and links to ICVA publications. ICV, a new training programme, contact details information on how to become a volunteer This year, we have updated our website with

of safety. release on police stations being used as a place Recently we used the website to put out a press

contact us at info@icva.org.uk with any comments. feedback and suggestions. Please feel free to with your needs in mind and we welcome your looking for easily. As always, it has been designed We hope you enjoy the new site and find what you're

#### ON DEATHS BOARD MINISTERIAL

under the Mental Capacity Act in hospital. and lessons learned as part of this work will of residents of approved premises and the custody, immigration detention, the deaths wider terms of reference to include all types also apply to the deaths of those detained Health Act (MHA) in hospital. The principles deaths of those detained under the Mental which occur in prisons, in or following police of death in state custody. This covers deaths Ministerial Roundtable on Suicide and has on Deaths in Custody which replaced the ICVA is a member of the Ministerial Board

of recommendations to Government. the Board has met 13 times and made a number Office and Department of Health. Since its formation deaths in custody in the Ministry of Justice, Home makers responsible for policy and issues related to The Ministerial Board brings together decision-

# RESTRAINT PILOT

in 200 detainee responses and provided of force itself. The pilot consisted of some Independent Advisory Panel on influence in the issue of common principles and endorsed by the Board and was a key useful data. The report was presented 400 interactions with detainees, resulting police restraint throughout London. The undertook a pilot study into the use of the Mayor's Office for Police and Crime Ministerial Board on Deaths in Custody, Following a request via ICVA, from the for the safer use of restraint by the force was being recorded, not on the use pilot focused on how effectively the use of

custody was successfully conducted over a one-ICV Scheme. month period by volunteers of the London The pilot survey into the use of restraint in police Deaths in Custody.



## OPCAT & THE NPM

of people deprived of their liberty. designed to strengthen the protection is an international human rights treaty Degrading Treatment or Punishment (OPCAT) against Torture and other Cruel, Inhuman or The Optional Protocol to the Convention

of detention. During such visits, the treatment of and conditions for detainees are monitored. a system of independent, regular visits to all places ill-treatment in detention can best be achieved by OPCAT embodies the idea that prevention of

of improving treatment and conditions in detention. or group of bodies that regularly examine the a 'national preventive mechanism' (NPM), a body States that ratify OPCAT are required to designate which NPMs should have, including the ability to: institutions it monitors. OPCAT sets out the powers, NPM must be independent of government and the To carry out its monitoring role effectively, the comment on existing or draft legislation with the aim treatment of detainees, make recommendations and

- operated by private providers) access all places of detention (including those
- conduct interviews in private with detainees and other relevant people
- it wishes to interview choose which places it wants to visit and who
- access information about the number of people deprived of their liberty, the number of places

access information about the treatment of of detention and their location and conditions for detainees.

diverse to represent the community in which have the necessary expertise and be sufficiently resourced to perform its role. Its personnel should OPCAT also requires that the NPM be sufficiently

it operates

At the international level, OPCAT established the Subcommittee on Prevention of Torture (SPT). Made up of 25 experts from around the world, the role of the SPT is both operational and advisory. In its or gerational capacity, the SPT is able to visit places of detention in any State that has ratified OPCAT and to make recommendations to the State regarding the protection of detainees from ill treatment. In its advisory capacity, the SPT is required to advise and assist States in the establishment of NPMs and, thereafter, to maintain direct contact with NPMs and offer them training and assistance.

The UK ratified OPCAT in December 2003 and designated its NPM in March 2009. Designation of the NPM was the responsibility of the UK government and it chose to designate multiple, existing bodies as the NPM rather than create a new, single-body NPM. In designating existing bodies as members of the NPM, the government explicitly required that they have a statutory basis and be able to make unannounced visits to places of detention.

## Since the formation of the NPM in 2009 the bodies have undertaken the following:

Inter-NPM Thematic discussion on deportations - a discussion hosted by the UK NPM in 2011 which focused on why the monitoring of deportations is necessary/the methodology used by Spain and the UK in monitoring deportations/findings from monitoring deportations from both Spain and the UK/a Government perspective on monitoring deportations/a practitioners view on monitoring deportations/a practitioners view on monitoring deportations/and focus on the use of force and other security measures.

Workshop on lay monitoring in the UK - workshop which focused on to giving the lay bodies in the UK's NPM the opportunity to discuss the implementation of OPCAT in more depth, taking into account the nature of their organisations.

### Mental health workshop on detention - the workshop focused on the mental health of detainees

worksnop rocused on the mental health of detainees across all types of detention, which is a key issue for all NPM members. The workshop gave an overview of key concepts and issues, drawing on external experts as well as expertise within the NPM itself.

> NPM stakeholder seminar in Northern Ireland -The purpose was to raise awareness of OPCAT and the NPM among members and stakeholders - while each organisation may be well known individually, there was a need to raise awareness of the NPM itself and the OPCAT framework within which all the organisations are now working/engage stakeholders - this is something each member of the NPM does individually, but a seminar would be an opportunity to do so collectively as an NPM/and permit discussion of the work of the NPM specifically in the NI context.

**Workshop on restraint** - The aim of this workshop was to discuss the methodology of the UK NPM organisations in relation to monitoring the use of force and restraints and other tools employed in places of deprivation of liberty. The workshop also incorporated a presentation by researchers from the Omega Research Foundation who have done extensive work on researching 'the tools of abuse'.

## 5 YEAR NPM EVENT

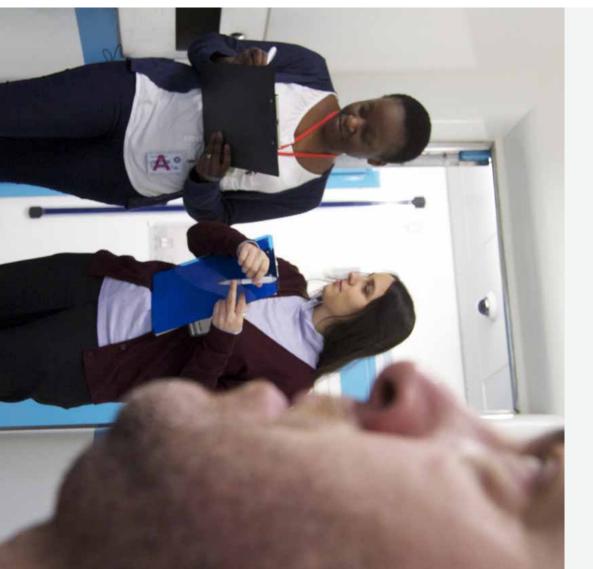
The NPM proposes to hold an event in April 2014 to mark 5 years since the UK NPM was designated. This event would be held in conjunction with the Human Rights Implementation Centre (HRIC), at the University of Bristol.

## The purpose and objectives for the event should be to:

- raise awareness of OPCAT and the collective role of the NPM members and engage
- with stakeholders;
   assess whether OPCAT is being effectively implemented in the UK and identify areas
- or issues for further action; and recognise the progress made in implementing OPCAT in the previous five years and highlight

the achievements of the NPM members individually and collectively. 

# 2012 - 2013 ACCOUNTS



# THE INDEPENDENT CUSTODY

## EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

ASSOCIATION OFFICE

PO Box 1053 Colne Lancashire BB9 4BL

AUDITORS

NAIRNE SON & GREEN Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors 477 Chester Road Manchester M16 9HF

> THE INDEPENDENT CUSTODY VISITING ASSOCIATION EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

The Executive Committee presents its report on the affairs of the Association together with the financial statements and auditor's report for the year ended 31 March 2013.

#### Objects

The Association is established to promote the efficient and effective provision of custody visiting in the United Kingdom and elsewhere to raise public awareness about matters and issues concerning the rights and entitlements of people held in police custody.

## Principal activity and legal status

The principal activity of the Association is that of supporting and promoting Custody Visiting.

The Association is governed by way of a constitution. This gives the Executive Committee the right to manage the affairs and expend the funds of the Association in such a manner as they consider most beneficial for the purpose of the Association's activities and within the scope of the Home Office grant regulations.

## Results for the year

The Association has returned a surplus of income over expenditure of £8,037. This surplus has been added to the accumulated fund balance.

### **Fixed assets**

The tangible fixed assets are as per note 3 to the financial statements.

## Executive Committee

Executive Committee Offices 1.4.2012 - 31.3.2013

airman David Wood (until 17.11.12) Kevan Downer (from 17.11.12) -e-Chair Janet Spencer (until 17.11.12) Lorna Muffett (from 17.1112)
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## ENDED 31 MARCH 2013 EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE REPORT FOR THE YEAR THE INDEPENDENT CUSTODY VISITING ASSOCIATION

Executive Committee (continued)

# Executive Committee members 1.4.2012 - 31.3.2013

Patricia McCarron Brian Pirie	Kevan Downer	Janet Spencer Elaine Shinkfield	Lorna Muffet	Mike Blank Dinah Longden	Peter Thompson	David Hudson	James Tate	John King Liz Kelly	David Wood	
Scotland Scotland	Northern Ireland	Yorkshire & Humberside Yorkshire & Humberside	South West	South East South East	North East	Midlands	London	East Midlands East Midlands	Eastern Region	
		(until 17.11.12) (from 17.11.12)		(until 17.11.12) (from 17.11.12)	(until 17.11.12)			(until 17.11.12) (from 17.11.12)	(until 17.11.12)	

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013 EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE REPORT (CONTINUED) THE INDEPENDENT CUSTODY VISITING ASSOCIATION

# **Executive Committee Members' Responsibilities**

financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of the surplus or deficit of the Association for that period. In preparing those financial statements the Executive Committee members should: Current best practice requires the Executive Committee members to prepare financial statements for each

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- ŀ. make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- ۰. state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- <u>а</u> prepare financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in operation.

and detection of fraud and other irregularities. for safeguarding the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention The Executive Committee members are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association. They are also responsible

# Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

is approved: In the case of each of the persons who are members at the time when the Executive Committee report

John Littlechild

Wales

- auditors in connection with preparing their report, of which the Association's auditors are unaware; and so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information, information needed by the Association's
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as members in order to make themselves of that information. aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Association's auditors are aware

#### Auditors

Nairne Son & Green as auditors The Executive Committee members will place a resolution before the Annual General Meeting to re-appoint

This report was approved by the Executive Committee on 30 July 2013 and signed on its behalf.

### Ian Smith OBE

**Chief Executive** 

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE INDEPENDENT CUSTODY VISITING ASSOCIATION

We have audited the financial statements of the Independent Custody Visiting Association for the year ended 31 March 2013 set out on pages 14 to 24. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out on page 22 and the historical cost convention.

This report is made solely to the Executive Committee as a body. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Executive Committee those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Executive Committee as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

# **Respective responsibilities of Executive Committee and Auditors**

As described in the Executive Committee's report on page 17, the Association's Committee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with the relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Executive Committee's report is consistent with the financial statements. In addition we report to you if the Association has not kept proper accounting records, or if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We read the Executive Committee's report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

## Basis of Audit Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Executive Committee in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Association's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

> INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE INDEPENDENT CUSTODY VISITING ASSOCIATION (CONTINUED)

## Basis of audit opinion (continued)

We have undertaken the audit in accordance with the requirements of APB Ethical Standards including APB Ethical Standard - Provisions Available for Small Entities, in the circumstances set out in note 8 to the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, applicable to Smaller Entities, of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2013 and of its surplus for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared; and
- the information given in the Executive Committee's Report is consistent with the financial statements.

Christopher Roberts BA FCA Senior Statutory Auditor Nairne Son & Green Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors 477 Chester Road Manchester Man SHF

2 August 2013

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013 INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT THE INDEPENDENT CUSTODY VISITING ASSOCIATION

Total expenditure for year Excess of (expenditure over income) income over expenditure	Services and Supplies (note 7) Training Provision and Materials Publicity and Developments Conferences and AGM Support Materials and Equipment	Total income for year Expenditure	Home Office Grant Membership Fees - Scotland Sale of Products Conference and training fees Scottish Recharges Other	Income
26,304 12,782	21,102 - 5,020 83 99	39,086	- 21,850 4,000 - 11,025 1,571 1,571 640	General Fund
179,745 (4,745)	123,339 36,077 7,095 13,234 -	175,000	175,000 - - - -	Home Office Restricted Fund
206,049 8,037	144,441 36,077 12,115 13,317 99	214,086	175,000 21,850 4,000 - 11,025 11,571 1,571	Total 2013 £
170,589 19,443	134,935 5,993 18,144 11,304 213	190,032	150,000 21,850 4,000 1,224 10,265 2,693	Total 2012 £

The Association does not have any recognised gains and losses other than income and expenditure in the year. The accompanying notes form an integral part of this statement.

## **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2013** THE INDEPENDENT CUSTODY VISITING ASSOCIATION

At end of year	Accumulated fund At beginning of year Surplus for the year	Net assets Represented by:	Net current assets	Current liabilities	Current assets Bank balances: - Current account Debtors Other debtors and prepayments	Fixed assets Tangible assets	
ហ				4		ω	Notes
				(16,860)	89,811 2,158 907 92,876		641
76,566	68,529 8,037	76,566	76,016			550	2013 £
				(22,672)	87,154 2,749 473 90,376		64
68,529	49,086 19,443	68,529	67,704			825	2012 £

Approved on behalf of the Executive Committee on 30 July 2013. The accompanying notes form an integral part of this balance sheet.

Anna Jarratt - Executive Assistant Kevan Downer - Chairman

## THE INDEPENDENT CUSTODY VISITING ASSOCIATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

## 1 Accounting policies

## 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the applicable accounting standards.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis as in the opinion of the Executive Committee; the Association will continue operating for the next twelve months, being supported by grants from the Home Office.

#### 1.2 Income

Income is credited in the period to which it relates.

#### 1.3 Grant income

Grant income is recognised in the income and expenditure account when the grant is utilised for its specific purpose.

#### 1.4 Expenditure

Expenditure is charged on an accruals basis.

## 1.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of the asset, less its residual estimated value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Computer equipment - 33.33% per annum straight line basis.

Income paid in advance

16,860

500

2,054 498 500 22,672

Accruals PAYE/NIC due VAT due Purchase ledger control account

2,320 12,013

3,660 15,960

2,027

#### 2 Taxation

The Association is a non profit making organisation and will, in the Executive Committee's opinion, be exempt from taxation, apart from tax on investment income.

THE INDEPENDENT CUSTODY VISITING ASSOCIATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

#### Cost **3 Tangible fixed assets 4 Current Liabilities** Net book value as at 31 March 2012 Net book value as at 31 March 2013 Carried forward at 31 March 2013 Charge in the year On disposals Brought forward at 1 April 2012 Carried forward at 31 March 2013 Disposals Brought forward at 1 April 2012 Depreciation Additions 2013 £ Equipment Computer 2013 £ 275 2,028 2,578 2,578 550 825 1,753 . m

## THE INDEPENDENT CUSTODY VISITING ASSOCIATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

## 5 Accumulated fund

	Home		
	Office		
	Restricted		
	Fund	General	Total
	74	64	Ct.]
As at 1 April 2012	(153,098)	221,627	68,529
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	(4,745)	12,782	8,037
As at 31 March 2013	(157,843)	234,409	76,566

## **6** Contingent liabilities

The Home Office grant awarded in the year requires that amounts unspent by the Association must be returned to the Home Office promptly. The Executive Committee is of the opinion that the monies will be expended in accordance with their application.

## 7 Services and supplies costs

The services and supplies costs in the income and expenditure account include the following:

	Administration costs	Irrecoverable VAT	
144,441	134,303	10,138	2013 £
134,935	130,601	4,334	2012 £

## 8 Non-audit services

In common with many other businesses of our size and nature we use our auditors to assist with the preparation of the financial statements.





